mdb-c	heatsheet.t	xt Tl	hu Sep	30 19:12:55 2004	1					
Command	s				Variab	les				
	pipeline [!word	1] [;]		basic		0	Most recen	t value [/	\?=]ed.	
	expr pipeline [!word] [;]		set dot, run once		9	Most recen	t count fo	r \$< dcmd	
	expr, expr pipe	eline [!word]	[;]	set dot, repeat		b	base VA of	the data	section	
	,expr pipeline	[!word] [;]		repeat		d	size of th	e data		
	expr [!word]	[;]		set dot, last pipeline, run once		e	VA of entr	y point		
	.expr [!word	1 [;]		last pipeline, repeat		hits	Event call	back match	count	
	expr, expr [!wo	ord] [;]		set dot, last pipeline, repeat		m	magic numb	er of prim	arv object file, or zero	
	!word[;]			shell escape		t	size of te	xt section		
						thread	TID of cur	rent repre	sentative thread.	
Comment	s									
			Comment	to end of line		registe	ers are exported as	variables	(g0, g1,)	
Express	ions Arithmotic				Read fo	ormats	format VA	from		
	ALICIMECIC	_	0; bina	wy lo ogtol Ot dogimal Or bor		\ \	format DA	from .		
	0t[0-9]+\.[0-9]+		UI DINA	ry, oo octar, ot decimar, ox nex		\ IOTMAL PAIROW .				
			TEFE IT	Sating point		format primary object file, using VA from .				
	· cccccc		LILLIE-	endian character const		=	Iormat Val	ue or .		
	<identi< td=""><td>lller</td><td>Variabi</td><td>е тоокир</td><td></td><td>D (1)</td><td>h .</td><td></td><td>Act is the second</td><td></td></identi<>	lller	Variabi	е тоокир		D (1)	h .		Act is the second	
	identii	ler	symbol	lookup		B (1)	nex	+	dot += increment	
	(expr)		the val	ue of expr		C(1)	char (C-encoded)	-	dot -= increment	
	·		the val	ue of dot		V (1)	unsigned	~ (v	ar) dot -= incr*count	
	δε.		last do	t used by dcmd		b (1)	octal	N	newline	
	+		dot+inc	rement		c (1)	char (raw)	n	newline	
	^		dot-inc	rement		d (2)	signed	Т	tab	
						h (2)	hex, swap endianne	ss r	whitespace	
	increme	ent is effected b	by the la	st formatting dcmd.		o (2)	octal	t	tab	
						q (2)	signed octal	a	dot as symbol+offset	
	Unary Ops					u (2)	decimal	I (v	ar) address and instruction	
	#expr		logical	NOT		D (4)	signed	i (v	ar) instruction	
	~expr		bitwise	NOT		H (4)	hex, swap endianne	ss S(v	ar) string (C-encoded)	
	-expr		integer	negation		O (4)	octal	s (v	ar) string (raw)	
	%expr		object	file pointer dereference		Q (4)	signed octal	E (8) unsigned	
	%/[csil]/expr	object	file typed dereference		U (4)	unsigned	F (8) double	
	%/[1248]/expr	object	file sized dereference		X (4)	hex	G (8) octal	
	*expr		virtual	address pointer dereference		Y (4)	decoded time32_t	J (8) hex	
	*/[csil]/expr	virtual	address typed dereference		f (4)	float	R (8) binary	
	*/[1248]/expr	virtual	address sized dereference		K (4 8)	hex uintptr_t	e (8) signed	
						P (4 8)	symbol	g (8) signed octal	
	[csil]	is char-, short	-, int-,	or long-sized		p (4 8)	symbol	У (8) decoded time64_t	
	Binary Ops				Write	formats				
	expr *	expr	integer	multiplication		[/\?][v	wWZ] value	valu	e is immediate or \$[expr]	
	expr %	expr	integer	division					· · · ·	
	left #	right	left ro	unded up to next right multiple		/	write virtual addr	esses		
	expr +	expr	integer	addition		Ň	write physical add	resses		
	expr -	expr	integer	subtraction		?	write object file			
	expr <<	expr	bitwise	left shift						
	expr >>	expr	bitwise	right shift (logical)		v (1)	write low byte of	each value	starting at dot	
	expr ==	expr	logical	equality		w (2)	write low 2 bytes	of each va	lue, starting at dot	
	expr !=	expr	logical	inequality		W (4)	write low 4 bytes	of each va	lue, starting at dot	
	expr &	evor	hitwise			7 (8)	write all 8 bytes	of each va	lue starting at dot	
	expr ^	expr	bitwise	XOR		2 (0)	#1100 all 0 27005	01 04011 14	iae, beareing as ass	
	expr	expr	bitwise	OR	Search	formats				
	evbr	CAPI	DICWISC	OK .	Search	[/\?][1	LM] value [mask]	valu	e and mask are immediate or S	\$[expr]
symbols	kernel	{module \\file	lavmbol			/	search wirtual add	resses		
		<pre>["Oddite][TTTE</pre>	ງອງແມບ⊥ ດກອກນໍໄ∫≠	ile\\symbol		\ \	search physical of	dreeses		
	PT OC	נדדול בנכ-מושחי	JEALY JIL	TTC JSYMDOT		`	acarch object file	UT COOCO		
DCMDs						:	scarch object ille			
	::{module`}d					1 (2)	search for 2-byte	value, opt.	ionally masked	
	expr>var	write the value	e of expr	into var		L (4)	search for 4-byte	value, opt	ionally masked	
	<u>F</u>		<u>.</u> .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		M (8)	search for 8-byte	value, opt	ionally masked	

2

General domds ::help dcmd gives help text for 'dcmd' ::dmods -1 [module...] Lists dcmds and walkers grouped by the dmod which provides them ::log -e file log session to file ::quit / \$q auit. Target-related dcmds ::status print summary of current target \$r / ::reqs display current register values for target \$c / ::stack / \$C print current stack trace (\$C: with frame pointers) addr[,b]::dump [-g sz] [-e] Dump at least b bytes starting at address addr. -g sets the group size -- for 64-bit debugging, '-g 8' is useful. addr∷dis dissasemble text, starting around addr. CTF-related addr::print [type] [field...] Uses CTF info to print out a full structure, or particular fields thereof ::sizeof type / ::offsetof type field / ::enum enumname Get information about a type addr::array [type count] [var] Walks the count elements of an array of type 'type' starting at address. addr::list type field [var] Walk a circular or NULL-terminated list of type 'type', which starts at addr and uses 'field' as its linkage. ::typeqraph / addr::whattype / addr::istype type / addr::notype bmc's type inference engine -- works on non-debug Kernel: proc-related Otpid::pid2proc convert the process ID 'pid' (in decimal) into a proc_t ptr as::as2proc convert a 'struct as' pointer to its associated proc t ptr vn::whereopen finds all processes with a particular vnode open ::pgrep pattern prints out proc_t ptrs which match pattern [procp]::ps process table, or (with procp) the line for particular proc_t ::ptree prints out a ptree(1)-like indented process tree procp::pfiles prints out information on a process' file descriptors [procp]::walk proc walks all processes, or the tree rooted at procp Kernel: thread-related threadp::findstack print out a stack trace (with frame pointers) for threadp [threadp]::thread summary information about all threads or a particular thread [procp]::walk thread

walk all threads, or all threads in a process (with procp)

Kernel: synchronization-related [sobj]::wchaninfo [-v] information on blocked-on condition variables. With sobj, info about that wchan. With -v, lists all threads blocked on the wchan sobj::rwlock dumps out a rwlock, including detailed blocking information sobi::walk blocked walk all threads blocked on sobj, a synchronization object Kernel: CPU-related ::cpuinfo [-v] gives information about CPUs on the system and what they are doing. With '-v', shows threads on the runqueues. ::cpupart gives information about CPU partitions (psrset(1m)s) addr::cpuset prints out a cpuset as a list of included CPUs. [cpuid]::ttrace dump out traptrace records, which are generated in DEBUG kernels. These include all traps and various other events of interest ::walk cpu walk all cpu_ts on the system Kernel: memory-related ::memstat Display memory usage summary pattern::kgrep [-d dist|-m mask|-M invmask] Searches the kernel heap for pointers equal to pattern addr::whatis [-b] tries to identify what a given kernel address is. With '-b', gives bufctl address for the buffer (see \$<bufctl audit, below)</pre> Kernel: kmem-related ::kmastat Give statistics on the kmem caches and vmem arenas in the system ::kmem_cache Information about the kmem caches on the system [cachep]::kmem verify Validates all buffers in the system, checking for corruption. With cachep, shows the details of a particular cache. threadp::allocdby / threadp::freedby Shows buffers that were last allocated/freed by a particular thread, and are still in that state. ::kmalog [fail | slab] Dumps out the transaction log, showing recent kmem activity. With fail/slab, outputs records of allocation failures and slab creations (which are always enabled) ::findleaks [-dvf] Find memory leaks, coalesced by stack trace. ::bufctl [-v] print out a summary line for a bufctl -- can also filter them -v dumps out a kmem_bufctl_audit_t. ::walk cachename prints out all allocated buffers in the cache named cachename. [cp]::walk kmem/[cp]::walk freemem/[cp]::walk bufctl/[cp]::walk freectl Walks {allocated, freed} {buffers, bufctls} for all caches, or the particular kmem cache t cp.